

Winwap Technologies Oy

WAP Stack utility library

Application Programming Interface



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Revision history

Date	Author	Description
16-Jan-2003	M Shkirja	Initial versions of document
19-Mar-2003	S Markelov	Updated 1.1: Description of wbxm12wml 2.2
25-Nov-2004	Maria Sandell	English spell checked.

Preamble

The reader of this document should be familiar with all or some of the following in order to fully understand and evaluate the information in this document:

- Basic knowledge in programming techniques.
- The interaction between a WAP user-agent, a WAP Gateway and a WEB Server.



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1 Normative references

- RFC-3629 “UTF-8, a transformation format of ISO 10646”,
<ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc2616.txt>.
- WML “Wireless Markup Language Specification”,
<http://www.openmobilealliance.org/>.
- WBXML “Binary XML Content Format Specification”,
<http://www.openmobilealliance.org/>.



2 API specification

2.1 Declarations

All functional and type declarations are available in the following C-header file:

wps_utils.h — API functions not belonging to data transfer operations.



2.2 Decoding WBXML to WML

NAME

wbxml2wml — decode binary encoded WML.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include "wps_utils.h"

RET_CODE wbxml2wml(const void *in, size_t in_size,
    unsigned char *out, size_t *out_size,
    unsigned int *charset);
```

DESCRIPTION

The `wbxml2wml` function is used to decode a buffer with binary encoded WML content.

The function parameters are:

<code>in</code>	Pointer to the first byte of binary WML content.
<code>in_size</code>	Size in bytes of the binary WML content.
<code>out</code>	Output buffer for decoded (plain text) WML content.
<code>out_size</code>	Size in bytes of the output buffer. Returns the size of decoded (plain text) WML content.
<code>charset</code>	Output parameter for the character set code of decoded (plain text) WML content.

RETURN VALUE

The function returns the size in bytes of the decoded (plain text) WML content in the parameter `out_size`. If the output buffer contains enough space, a trailing 0 follows the last character of the output data. The return error code values are listed below.

ERRORS

`RC_OK` — Successfully decoded.

`RC_EOF` — Attempt to read past the end of the input stream.

`RC_NOMEM` — Not enough memory for internal data buffers.

`RC_WRONG_WBXML_VER` — Unexpected WBXML document version.

`RC_WRONG_PUBLICID` — Unexpected XML document public identifier.

`RC_NOSTRTERM` — Missing terminator char in string table.

`RC_OUTOFTABLE` — Invalid string table index



RC_WRONG_TAG — Unexpected tag token encountered

RC_WRONG_ATTRSTART — Unexpected ATTRSTART code for current CP.

RC_WRONG_ATTRVALUE — Unexpected ATTRVALUE code for current CP.

RC_WRONG_INPUT — Invalid input character.

RC_UNKNOWN_OR_MISSING_PUBLICID — Unknown or missing public identifier.



2.3 Character conversion

NAME

convert — convert data of any character set to data of USC-2 character set.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include "wps_utils.h"

size_t convert(const unsigned char *in, size_t in_size,
               t_charset cs, wchar_t *out, size_t out_size);
```

DESCRIPTION

The `convert` function is used to convert data of any character set to data of USC-2 (two-byte unicode) character set.

The function parameters are:

`in` Pointer to the input buffer with characters to convert.
`in_size` Size in bytes of the input buffer.
`cs` Character set code of characters to convert.
`out` Pointer to output buffer for UCS-2 characters.
`charset` Size in `wchar_t` of the output buffer (count of UCS-2 characters in the output buffer).

RETURN VALUE

The function returns a count of `wchar_t` characters in the out buffer. In order to get the needed size in `wchar_t` for the out buffer, a 0 must be passed in `out_size`. The character set codes are defined as constants as shown below:

`CS_ISO_8859_1` — ISO-8859-1 (latin1)
`CS_ISO_8859_2` — ISO-8859-2 (latin2)
`CS_ISO_8859_3` — ISO-8859-3 (latin3)
`CS_ISO_8859_4` — ISO-8859-4 (latin4)
`CS_ISO_8859_5` — ISO-8859-5 (Cyrillic)
`CS_ISO_8859_6` — ISO-8859-6 (Arabic)
`CS_ISO_8859_7` — ISO-8859-7 (Greek)
`CS_ISO_8859_8` — ISO-8859-8 (Hebrew)
`CS_ISO_8859_9` — ISO-8859-9 (latin5)
`CS_ISO_8859_10` — ISO-8859-10 (latin6)
`CS_ISO_8859_13` — ISO-8859-13
`CS_ISO_8859_14` — ISO-8859-14 (latin8)
`CS_ISO_8859_15` — ISO-8859-15 (Latin-9)
`CS_SHIFT_JIS` — SHIFT_JIS
`CS_UTF_8` — UTF-8

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